The SPY WHO WAS TRAPPED INSIDE THE

OW Captain Newbury Saved the Life of a Help-less, Wounded Compade and W.

HIS remarkable story is supplied by General J. Madison Drake, historian of the Army and Navy Medal of Honor Legion, A., and has been taken by him from the

Captain Edward S. E. Newbury, the hero of the tale, is now living in Elizabeth, N. J., hale and hearty, bearing no marks of the terrible experience through which he passed early in the civil war. Soon after the incident here set forth Newbury captured a deserter from the Union lines as he was about to join the Confederates. This man was the first Union soldier to suffer death for the crime of desertion in the great war. For his valuable services Newbury was rewarded with a commission of lieutenant in the Eleventh New Jersey and served until June, 1865, when he returned to New Jersey with the rank of captain.

Copyright, 1911, by the New York Herald Co. All rights reserved.) EWS of the enemy's plans or intentions, any shred of news, was eagerly sought in the fall f that bitter year, 1861, after the disaster at Bull Run, when Washington seemed about to be engulfed in a triumphant Confederate advance and the energies of the authorities were bent to defensive preparation about the capital.

McClellan was centring and reorganizing the new Army of the Potomac. Just beyond, at Richmond, the forces of an elated Confederacy were gathering. Between lay debated ground, where neither side directed definite measures and across which the lines.

It was early in November that General Kearny, commanding the First New Jersey brigade, then stationed in Alexandria, just to the south of Washington, determined to employ scouts upon the hazardous work of feeling out conditions toward the Confederate position. The size of Johnson's force was a matter of wild conjecture, his swift descent was feared and Kearny felt that total ignorance of what he must expect from that able and determined rebel leader could no longer continue with safety. He cast about him for volunteers willing to venture themselves into the danger zone in search of information.

Scout duty, it was called. But that was merely a euphemism for the service of a spy. The men knew it. They knew that scouts would run extreme risk of capture and that swift and terrible punishment would fall to them if they were taken. It was no rose water service. The courtesies of war, stern at the best, would bring little comfort to the Union man found hovering about the Confederate front at such a time. Short shrift and an unhonored grave lay ahead of such a one, and in the event of success nothing better than the doubtful recognition and questioned glory accorded any spy.

Among those who offered themselves for the dan gerous but necessary undertaking was Edward S. E. Newbury, of the Third New Jersey. Newbury was a native of North Carolina, where he had lived on his father's plantation until the outbreak of the war. Having made his way to the home of an uncle in Morris county, N. J., he had enlisted in the Third just as it was about to start for the front.

The young man was detailed with Corporal Thomas P. Edwards of his company to push into the country best efforts toward getting word of the plans and disposition of the Confederate forces. For the rest they were to be governed by their own wit and by circumstances. With this vague commission and with full understanding of the perils ahead the two left the Alexandria camp on the evening of November 4 and hit for the South.

Edwards had picked up directions from a fugitive negro that would lead them to the home of Mr. Fitzhugh, a wealthy planter, who was known to be influential at Richmond. The plantation lay some ten miles from the Union lines, and it was the suggestion of Edwards that they should approach it in the hope of everhearing some conference or conversation that might prove of value. Fitzhugh, he argued, would be fully informed of the Confederate plans, and would be most unlikely to suspect the presence of lurking scouts. It was possible, then, that they might secrete themselves on the premises, might even intercept a just inside the cabin's front entrance, while Newbury messenger, or in some other way place themselves on the track of information.

Close upon nine o'clock they groped into the plantation grounds. It was a moonless night, with a raw wind and low hung clouds that gave promise of rain. Making their way among the cabins of the negro quarters they came up to the house only to find it dark and apparently deserted. A faint light appeared at the window of one of the cabins, and, stealing cautiously across to it, they looked within.

An aged negress was sitting by a rude cot on which lay an emaclated young slave tossing in fever. They entered and quietly made inquiries as to the whereabouts of Fitzhugh. The negress, who, with her ill son, represented the remnant of her master's body of servants, told them that the planter had removed his family to Richmond a few days before, but that he would return in a few hours with some friends before closing the house. The scouts hastened to take their leave, assuring the woman that they would return upon their errand next day.

They entered the house easily by way of a window and after cautiously striking lights looked about for a biding place. But Newbury disapproved of the arrangement.

When they left the house again they took with them the bed, blankets, some odds and ends of food and a tiny tin cup which Edwards, for some inscrutable reason, insisted upon appropriating. They had cause to only hope lay in breaking through the ring of their be grateful for that cup before the adventure was enemies. The Southerner fled into the night, shouting

They were tired, the bed was soft and the blankets

swer, began to grope about the floor, thinking that his and called to Newbury to set him down. companion had been killed. By the time he had made "For God's sake, get me water," he gasped. "My certain that Edwards was not in the cabin there was a wound's fevered and I'm burning with thirst. came in a rush for the front door of the kitchen.

only the vaguest notion of what had taken place. Not. In this way they won to a neglected field of standing. He improved the halt by discarding from his own per knowing that the Corporal bad jumped for the open, he corn a short distance from the plantation mansion. son and that of Edwards every article that would les called him repeatedly by name and, receiving no an. Here Edwards could no longer endure his suffering sen the weight. His revolver he had thrust in his

crackle of shots outside and the party of the house . Newbury reached for his canteen and found that he had lost it somewhere in the darkness. The Corporal

try would lay him open to the attack of even a single picket, and he determined to keep them. Again he took his burden on his back and struggled on. The quarter mile to the creek was made by slow and painful stages, but Newbury covered it at last, and once in the copse along the shore feit safer for the time. His problem now was to effect a crossing. The stream was too deep and swift to allow of fording. He knew that the bridge a mile further along was closely watched by the Confederates, who, in fact, were encamped on both sides of it. In coming to the Flizhugh plantation he and Edwards had made use of a fallen tree, which gave a precarious support from bank to bank. He knew that it would be almost impossible to get the helpless Corporal across that prostrate trunk, but after searching in vain for a boat, he was left with the natural bridge as the only alterna-More difficult journeying along the bank brought him to the tree, which was rooted on the opposite shore. It had snapped high and lay before him at a dangerous upward slant. He had good reason to fear that Confederate outposts were stationed in the woods beyond, and he proceeded with the utmost caution. He hung Edwards over the trunk in front of him, and hitched along, an inch at a time, pushing the other ahead. At each instant he was forced to hug the

pocket while he used his carbine as a clumsy staff.

The carrying of the weapons bore upon him heavily

and he was tempted to abandon them. But he re

dected that to be without arms in the enemy's coun

support, clutching the Corporal desperately. At each instant he had to fight for the balance of both, expecting to be plunged with the wounded man into the waters beneath. He had won to the break of the tree at the stump, some five feet above the ground, and was preparing to lower Edwards when a sudden movement of the Corporal flung his weight to the side. He made a wild snatch for the trunk, but was unable to regain

his hold and the two men fell together and heavily to the ground. A terrible scream of agony broke from Edwards. His wounded arm had been crushed beneath him. The

torture was more than he could endure, and again and lying crumpled as he fell, the shrick was reated. Newbury, in terror lest he should bring an utpost upon them, tried to silence him. But Edwards was now quite deliriou: He raved, babbled, called

his Maker and could not be quieted. Newbury had but one recourse. Ramming the Corporal's handkerchief into the shouting mouth he bound his own about the other's head and, stretching himself at full length upon the poor mangled body, put forth all his strength to suppress the frightful convulsions that shook it.

By this heroic method he forced Edwards to lie still, listening the while for the approach of enemies. Apparently he had reached the end. Still more than nine miles from succor, surrounded by hostile troops, weak, wet and famished, with a crazed and helpless companion, he might well have despaired. But it was not in Newbury to despair. Not for the flicker of a thought dld he contemplate giving up the grim effort he had

Thought Him Dead.

After some time Edwards grew less violent. The maniacal energy called forth by fever and excruciating pain passed. Suddenly he relaxed and lay still. Newbury, bent over him anxiously, fearing that life had fled with that spasm. But the Corporal's heart was still beating faintly, and Newbury, hastily rearranging his sling, shouldered the unconscious man once more and tottered on into the woods.

All that day he held his course, more by instinct than by conscious direction, toward the Union lines. He kept away from the roads and from dwellings, laboring through fields and coverts. Once he crouched in a clump of bushes while a detail of Confederates hed by within fifty feet of him. He v to make more than a few yards at a stage, throwing himself down in the mud beside his burden to gather a little strength after a dozen faltering steps, scrambling up again and pressing ahead until he could go no

On, always on. That was the one idea he clung to. After the first mile or so he was in little better shape than the inanimate Edwards. His mind was in a daze. Objects swam before him dizzily. He had lost all sense of time or distance. It seemed to him that through all eternity he had been struggling on through chilly hell of wet brown leaves, rain and wind, dragging a torn and bloody body. He ceased to think of Edwards as a living man who must be rescued. He no longer even cared to know whether the Corporal still breathed or not. It could have made no differ ence. He was capable of but the one purpose, to go on, always on, and to take the body with him. With out that single, definite hold upon things he must have given up and walted for death himself.

In the early part of the afternoon he slipped as he was trying to raise the Corporal and fell. The shock took what little force he had left for a space, and, closing his eyes, he passed into a painful and uneasy doze. While he was in this condition something stole into his brain that until now had found no lodgement there. He had done the best he could, a voice seemed to whisper; he had done more than any man, even the bravest, could be expected to do. Why not leave Edwards hidden in the brush and make his own way to the Union lines? Why not hurry on and get help? Was that not the safest and the wisest way?

He awoke with a start and a savage word on his lips. He bated himself for the traitor suggestion that had crept upon him in his weakness. Crawling over to Edwards he hoisted the burden once again to his back, gained his feet under the protest of every limb and went on, always on

He afterward retained no consciousness of the lat ter part of that strange and terrible journey. It re mained in his memory as a dark blot, hazed with vague horrors. But through the afternoon he still toiled ahead and through one more marvel he was not seen by the Confederates.

It was seven o'clock in the evening, fourteen hours after Newbury's start from the plantation, that the soldiers at a Union picket post started up with levelled rifles at a dim shape that came crawling and trundling slowly over the ground toward them. It gave no answer to their bails, and cautiously they came out to meet it, thinking to find some injured animal or they

As they came up they saw that it was a man. He was creeping on all fours and on his back was strapped the body of another. They called to him, but he did not answer, only crept on and on. Then pitying hands took hold of him, and as they relieved about him wildly and then collapsed. Private New bury needed as close attention as did Corporal Ed-



were warm, and they had not been settled beyond the asleep. It was after midnight when they were aroused by the padding of hoofs along the frozen road. Creeping through the bedge, they saw five horsemen pull up before the residence and dismount. One was left in charge of the animals and the others, with laugh and clatter, entered the house. The ruddy flash of fire reflected from the windows showed that the party was preparing for a comfortable session.

But the scouts did not feel secure enough to approach immediately, and, leaving their hiding place, they crawled to the rear of the house.

Their first intimation that suspicion was abroad came with the sudden cessation of the sounds of revelry in the mansion. Uneasy, though scarce willing to abandon a situation of so much promise, they agreed, in whispers, to occupy the sizable log cabin just at the rear of the house which was used as a kitchen. There were two doors to this kitchen, front and back. They decided that by concealing themselves within, each guarding a door, they would be safe from detection while assuring themselves from surprise. The corporal, accordingly, took his stand sought a similar position at the rear.

The men now listened intently. They heard nothing from the direction of the house. The tinkling of dead leaves in the chill wind was all that came to their ears. With carbines ready and revolvers in hand they waited while the conviction grew upon them that the darkness held some danger that was circling and closing in on them.

Edwards, peering into the sombre mystery of the night, saw a dim figure flit across his line of vision. He gave a signal of warning to Newbury. A moment later the figure reappeared, still in front of the cabin. It stood for a moment and then slowly and silently approached. As the man came on Edwards backed gently away. The Southerner advanced until he blocked the doorway of the cabin, where again he stood, listening and watching.

The scouts stilled their breathing. Twice Edwards raised his carbine and covered the unknown. It was a point-blank shot. From where he stood the Corporal could almost have touched the man with the carbine. But each time he lowered his weapon, re- tated. The fighting spirit of the man rose to meet the membering that his mission was not to engage in

combat. figure in the doorway and the darkness was split by a bright flash. The roar of the explosion was followed by a yell of pain from the Corporal, who, wounded as be was, charged upon his assailant, believing that the

as he ran, and Edwards sprang through the bedge Newbury, confused by the shot and the uproar, had

boxwood hedge many minutes before they both fell flame and, whipping up his revolver, emptied the chambers as fast as he could whirl the cylinder. The attackers huddled for a moment under this vicious fire. Then one of them raised a howl.

"I'm down, Fitzhugh!"

Flight of the Party. The Southerners evidently thought that there

were several Yankees in the kitchen and, not knowing what other force might be near, they retreated. They waited for no more. Dragging the one who had been wounded, they rode away into the night, Newbury, reloading his weapons bastily, heard the nound of hoofs on the frozen road once more, clump-

ing off in the direction of Richmond and finally dving

away in the distance. Now, Newbury, although be had been somewhat tardy in getting into the action, found it to his liking. He had just begun to find the affair interesting. As it stood he found slight cause for satisfaction or any hand. He was left without the news he had come after, without his companion, who had apparently vanished into thin air, and without any achievement to his credit greater than baying winged one of the assallants,

While the indignant and disappointed young man was consoling himself with imaginary fire and slaughter and counting up his available ammunition he was startled by a noise as of splintering wood along the fence to his right. Making his way cautiously in that direction, he heard further sounds indicating that some one was trying to climb the fence. He crawled through the field, carbine levelled, and came suddenly upon-Edwards.

The Corporal was in fearful plight. The builet from the pistol of the unknown assallant had entered the arm just above the elbow. At the moment Edwards had been holding his arm tight against his body, and the ball, emerging six Inches higher, bad whirled by one of the strange freaks of such project tlles, ripped through his side and lodged against the spinal column. Almost paralyzed below his waist, terribly weakened, he had yet made shift to drag himself to the fence and attempt to pull himself over.

Newbury made a rapid examination that revealed the desperate nature of the wound. By every human probability the Corporal would die within an hour. He could not walk, could not even stand. There was no help in this enemy's country. The Union lines were ten miles away. A Confederate detachment might shortly be expected. The whole region was Confederate territory. To add to the difficulties the promise of the lowering clouds was fulfilled and it began to rain a cold, sharp, penetrating rain.

But the young private never for a moment hesiproblem. He first propped Edwards up against the fence, where he could hold on with his hands. Then, Suddenly there was a sharp exclamation from the straddling the top, he strained and dragged and lifted until he had raised the Corporal to his own level and could lower him on the other side.

Edwards was heavily built, of greater weight than Newbury by some twenty pounds. He was entirely Drenched and chilled, burdened beyond his strength unable to render any assistance in covering ground, and the private found it necessary to kneel in the held doggedly to his task. He was forced to stop and road, worry the helpless Corporal onto his back and let Edwards slip to the ground through sheer inability stagger along, half trailing, half carrying the burden to proceed before he had covered a hundred paces.

Newbury blazed his carbine toward the spurts of bad cast his own aside in his first struggle through the field. But Edwards remembered where he had left his haversack by the fence

> "That tin cup is inside," he said. "Get me water." Making his companion as comfortable as possible in he sleeting rain, the private stole back and recovered the plantaflon, but he remembered that he was no longer in a position to risk encounter with a detachment. The Corporal was now entirely dependent upon him and he dared not place the other's slender chance

A quarter of a mile away was Accotinck Creek. which they had crossed on the journey out, and Newbury could recall no nearer means of procuring relief for his comrade. Hastening through the darkness in that general direction he came at last to the creek and filled his cup. With this shallow receptable, which held no more than one good mouthful of the precious water, guarded carefully in his two hands, he set out

Succored Wounded Comrade.

There was no ray of light to guide him. The way was uneven, leading across fields and fences. Twice he stumbled, and each time he lost part of the water. He had arrived at the cornfield at last when his foot caught in a trailing vine and he sprawled headlong.

wounded comrade to find the Corporal sobbing with weakness and discouragement. Edwards had made up his mind that the private had deserted him. Newbury propped up his head and gave him the few drops left in the cup, but the Corporal's fever had heightened and the small portion was no more than an aggravation. He cried aloud for more, and Newbury, comforting and soothing him, set patiently forth upon another journey,

He lost count-of the number of times he went back and forth between the creek and the cornfield with the little cup that night, but when a gray dawn broke sullenly he was still at the task and Edwards was still unsatisfied. Again and again he had travelled the way, unmindful of his own weariness and content if he brought momentary comfort to the Corporal. But now the coming of day made the vicinity of the plantation doubly dangerous, and Newbury decided that they must get away. Not for a monent did he consider deserting the wounded man. His one thought was to bring Edwards off, for he knew what would inevitably result from capture, and he knew, moreover, that the Corporal must die if medical attendance was not soon

Edwards was now on the verge of delirium with pain and fever. He had no control over his legs or his shattered arm. Newbury fashioned a kind of rude sling from their belts, and, passing it about the other's body, lifted him once more on his shoulders. With the Corporal's sound arm drawn down over his neck to ease the strain be staggered off through the cornfield

The rain had not abated. The wind was higher. and exhausted by the night and lack of food, Newbury



The painful trip was all to be repeated. At the second attempt he reached the side of his

for the creek.